## Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for performing a transaction on a database, the method comprising:

sending a set of database modifications requested by the transaction to a first database; placing a message in one or more message queues, said message indicating objects inserted, updated, or deleted in the transaction;

indexing the message to allow access to the indicated objects without rescanning other messages in the one or more message queues;

sending a commit command to the first database; and sending said set of database modifications and a commit command to a second database.

- (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
   inserting a record for the transaction into a transaction ID table in the first database.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein said sending a set of database modifications and said inserting are performed in the same transaction.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed by an application server.

- cluster as said application server.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said set of database modifications comprises a set of structure query language (SQL) insert, update, and/or delete commands.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said message contains a serialized representation of objects inserted, updated, or deleted in the transaction.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein said message contains a serialized representation of objects inserted, updated, or deleted in the transaction.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said serialized representation further includes said insert of said record.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:indexing messages contained in said message queue for rapid access.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 5, further comprising:

  receiving said cache synchronization message at another application server;

  extracting a transaction ID from said cache synchronization message; and

  discarding messages containing said transaction ID from one or more message queues.

12. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising:
periodically deleting old rows from said transaction ID table.

- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein said periodically deleting is performed using a background thread.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein said sending said set of database modifications and a commit command to a second database and said sending a cache synchronization message are performed asynchronously on separate threads.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 5, further comprising: detecting a failure of said first database; halting completion of the transaction in said first database; including in said cache synchronization message an indication that said first database is down; and

refraining from performing further actions involving said first database until said first database is restored.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15, further comprising:
replaying said database inserts, updates, and/or deletes in said cache synchronization
message at a recovery server when said first database is restored.

7. (Original) The method of claim 5, further comprising:

detecting a failure of said second database;

including in said cache synchronization message an indication that said second database is down; and

refraining from performing further actions involving said second database until said second database is restored.

18. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising:

detecting a failure of a first recovery server;

detecting reactivation of said failed first recovery server;

reading a transaction ID out of any queued messages in a message queue corresponding to said first recovery server; and

deleting any message in said message queue that has a transaction ID matching a transaction ID in a corresponding row of said transaction ID table.

19. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

detecting a failure of a message queue;

detecting reactivation of said failed message queue;

deleting any messages in said failed message queue;

sending a message to a recovery server containing a time stamp of a first new message processed by said message queue;

receiving a message from said recovery server indicating that an oldest message still in its

queue is not older than said time stamp; and

resuming normal operation upon receipt of said message from said recovery server.

20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

detecting a failure of an application server;

determining if said failure was detected during a communication with a first database or message queue;

aborting the transaction if said failure was detected during a communication with a first database or message queue;

determining if a message has been in a message queue for a predefined period of time;

discarding said message if a transaction ID for said message is not contained in a transaction ID table in said first database; and

replaying said set of database modifications to said second database if a transaction ID for said message is contained in said transaction ID table in said first database but not in a transaction ID table in said second database.

21-35. (Cancelled).

- 36. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for performing a transaction on a database, the apparatus comprising:
  - a first database modification sender;
  - a message queue message inserter coupled to said first database modification sender;

a message indexer to allow access to the indicated objects without rescanning other messages in the one or more message queues;

a first database commit command sender coupled to said message queue message inserter; and

a second database modification and commit command sender coupled to said first database commit command sender.

37. (Original) The apparatus of claim 36, further comprising:

a database transaction ID inserter coupled to said first database modification sender and to said second database modification and commit command sender.

- 38. (Original) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the apparatus is located on an application server.
- 39. (Original) The apparatus of claim 38, further comprising:

a cache synchronization message application server sender coupled to said second database modification and commit command sender.

40. (Original) The apparatus of claim 36, further comprising:

a message queue message indexer coupled to said message queue message inserter.

41. (Original) The apparatus of claim 36, further comprising:

a periodic transaction ID table old row deleter coupled to said first database modification sender and to said second database modification and commit command sender.

42-50. (Cancelled).

51. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for performing a transaction on a database, the apparatus comprising:

means for sending a set of database modifications requested by the transaction to a first database;

means for placing a message in one or more message queues, said message indicating objects inserted, updated, or deleted in the transaction;

means for indexing the message to allow access to the indicated objects without rescanning other messages in the one or more message queues;

means for sending a commit command to the first database; and
means for sending said set of database modifications and a commit command to a second
database.

52. (Original) The apparatus of claim 51, further comprising:

means for inserting a record for the transaction into a transaction ID table in the first database.

53. (Original) The apparatus of claim 52, wherein said sending a set of database modifications and said inserting are performed in the same transaction.

- 54. (Original) The apparatus of claim 51, wherein the apparatus is located on an application server.
- 55. (Original) The apparatus of claim 54, further comprising:

  means for sending a cache synchronization message to other application servers sharing the same cluster as said application server.
- 56. (Original) The apparatus of claim 51, wherein said set of database modifications comprises a set of structure query language (SQL) insert, update, and/or delete commands.
- 57. (Original) The apparatus of claim 51, wherein said message contains a serialized representation of objects inserted, updated, or deleted in the transaction.
- 58. (Original) The apparatus of claim 52, wherein said message contains a serialized representation of objects inserted, updated, or deleted in the transaction.
- 59. (Original) The apparatus of claim 58, wherein said serialized representation further includes said insert of said record.

- 60. (Original) The apparatus of claim 51, further comprising:

  means for indexing messages contained in said message queue for rapid access.
- 61. (Original) The apparatus of claim 55, further comprising: means for receiving said cache synchronization message at another application server; means for extracting a transaction ID from said cache synchronization message; and means for discarding messages containing said transaction ID from one or more message queues.
- 62. (Original) The apparatus of claim 52, further comprising:

  means for periodically deleting old rows from said transaction ID table.
- 63. (Original) The apparatus of claim 62, wherein said periodically deleting is performed using a background thread.
- 64. (Original) The apparatus of claim 55, wherein said sending said set of database modifications and a commit command to a second database and said sending a cache synchronization message are performed asynchronously on separate threads.
- 65. (Original) The apparatus of claim 55, further comprising:

  means for detecting a failure of said first database;

  means for halting completion of the transaction in said first database;

means for including in said cache synchronization message an indication that said first database is down; and

means for refraining from performing further actions involving said first database until said first database is restored.

66. (Original) The apparatus of claim 65, further comprising:

means for replaying said database inserts, updates, and/or deletes in said cache synchronization message at a recovery server when said first database is restored.

(Original) The apparatus of claim 55, further comprising:

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means for detecting a failure of said second database;

means for including in said cache synchronization message an indication that said second database is down; and

means for refraining from performing further actions involving said second database until said second database is restored.

68. (Original) The apparatus of claim 62, further comprising:

means for detecting a failure of a first recovery server;

means for detecting reactivation of said failed first recovery server;

means for reading a transaction ID out of any queued messages in a message queue

corresponding to said first recovery server; and

means for deleting any message in said message queue that has a transaction ID matching a transaction ID in a corresponding row of said transaction ID table.

69. (Original) The apparatus of claim 51, further comprising:

means for detecting a failure of a message queue;

means for detecting reactivation of said failed message queue;

means for deleting any messages in said failed message queue;

means for sending a message to a recovery server containing a time stamp of a first new message processed by said message queue;

means for receiving a message from said recovery server indicating that an oldest message still in its queue is not older than said time stamp; and

means for resuming normal operation upon receipt of said message from said recovery server.

70. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 51, further comprising:

means for detecting a failure of an application server;

means for determining if said failure was detected during a communication with a first database or message queue;

means for aborting the transaction if said failure was detected during a communication with a first database or message queue;

means for determining if a message has been in a message queue for a predefined period of time; and

means for discarding said message if a transaction ID for said message is not contained in a transaction ID table in said first database; and

means for replaying said set of database modifications to said second database if a transaction ID for said message is contained in said transaction ID table in said first database but not in a transaction ID table in said second database.

71-85. (Cancelled).

86. (Currently Amended) A program storage device readable by a machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a method for performing a transaction on a database, the method comprising:

sending a set of database modifications requested by the transaction to a first database; placing a message in one or more message queues, said message indicating objects inserted, updated, or deleted in the transaction;

indexing the message to allow access to the indicated objects without rescanning other messages in the one or more message queues;

sending a commit command to the first database; and sending said set of database modifications and a commit command to a second database.

87-91. (Cancelled).